

<<新托福全真题库>>

图书基本信息

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### 前言

2005年9月,美国教育考试服务中心(ETS)在美国本土首次推出全新改版后的托福考试——托福网考(TOEFL iBT, Internet-Based Test),2006年9月,托福网考开始在中国实施。

这一改革,使托福考试在形式、分值、题型及内容上都发生了根本性变化。

口语和写作的重要性开始凸显;阅读理解不再是单纯的理解,而是更加注重建立在批判性思维上的综合理解;笔记能力也越来越重要,近年来这一系列的变化可以说都是因托福iBT改革而起。

新托福的出现不仅是评价媒介或评价方式的变化,它还给英语学习本身的方向带来了变化,其变化的核心是强调英语学习必须在听说读写四个方面均衡发展,学习者既要具备理解能力又要具备表达能力。

“如何才能减少考生的时间与费用成本,让他们用最快速度实现自己的目标呢?

”,本书从策划到出版的整个过程都将这个问题作为贯穿始终的核心命题。

经过深入的思考,我们根据考生需要,推出了这套新托福系列丛书。

本系列丛书针对iBT新托福考试的变化,对ETS的iBT新托福真题进行了深度分析,编写出了最大程度贴近真题的模拟试题。

每一道题的题目设置都经过了编者的细心考量,重现真实考试题目。

书后还附有实战模拟CD-ROM,让考生在真实环境中备考。

另外,在书中还配有答案、详解等,方便独自备考的考生理解每一道题的解题依据或者错误原因。

本书通过对各题内容与结构的分析,授之以渔,让学生熟悉解题方法,从根本上掌握解题技巧。

本书在编写过程中充分考虑了考生的需要与心声,编者们都尽了最大努力希望能给广大考生带来帮助。

然而本书仍有许多不足。

有的失误可能在出版后才发现,有的也可能是iBT新托福的不断变化造成的欠缺。

针对这些问题,我们向大家保证本书在网站上将会不断更新完善。

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### 内容概要

全真模拟，实战演练，听说读写，全面升华，配套软件，巩固成效，题库取经，决胜终点。

《新托福全真题库》作为《北京新航道学校托福考试培训系列教材》的其中一册，编写出了最大程度贴近真题的模拟试题。

每一道题的题目设置都经过了编者的细心考量，重现真实考试题目。

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## 章节摘录

After America declared independence in 1776, its citizens began migrating from the original colonies along the Atlantic coast, crossing the Appalachian Mountains and heading west. By 1800, trading centers had been established from Ohio to Alabama and pioneers were already making their way toward the Mississippi River. With the Louisiana Purchase of 1803 and further land acquisitions, the frontier of the American nation was continually pushed westward, and groups of settlers were never far behind. This tremendous migration was carried out by individuals who chose to leave the relative safety of the East and venture into unknown territories. They followed common trails, the earliest of which led to places like Missouri, Kansas, and Nebraska. After 1840, others into the Far West were opened and saw steadily increasing traffic. The people who undertook such journeys were motivated by a variety of factors. Early American cities, particularly those in the Northeast, had developed at a tremendous pace, leaving some longing for a return to simpler lifestyles. They were crowded, employment was often limited to the factories, and smoke from coal-burning industrial facilities polluted the air. For many Americans, the urban landscape did not match their image of the ideal life. Yet economic pressure was likely the primary catalyst for westward migration. For some families in the early 1800s, it was difficult to obtain enough resources to live on. This was true in the South as well as the North, where instead of factories the expansive plantations ruled the economy. A privileged few owned most of the farmland and dominated the agricultural market so that small farmers had trouble making money. Americans struggling under such conditions were very receptive to the reports constantly arriving from western settlers, which described vast regions of bountiful farmland waiting to be claimed. These accounts were often terribly misleading, emphasizing the positive aspects of migration while ignoring the negative, but they nonetheless convinced many that their fortunes lay on the western frontier.

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