<<现代信息检索>>

图书基本信息

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作者: (西班牙) Ricardo Baeza-Yates, (巴西) Berthier Ribeiro-Neto

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内容概要

本书详细介绍了信息检索的所有主要概念和技术,以及有关信息检索方面的所有新变化,使读者 既可以对现代信息检索有一个全面的了解,又可以获取现代信息检索所有关键主题的详细知识。

《现代信息融合技术在组合导航中的应用》的主要内容由信息检索领域的代表人物Baeza-Yares和]Ribeiro-Neto编著,对于那些希望深入研究关键领域的读者,书中还提供了由其他主要研究人员编写的关于特殊主题的发展现状。

与上一版相比,本版在内容和结构上都有大量调整、更新和充实,其中新增内容在60%到70%左右。 具体更新情况如下新增了文本分类、网络信息爬取、结构化文本检索和企业搜索等章节,以及关于开 源搜索的一个附录。

·全面改写了用户界面、多媒体检索和数字图书馆等内容。

拓展了一些章节,介绍了信息检索方面的新的重要进展,如语言模型、新的评价方法、查询的特点、基于聚类和分布式信息检索等。

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作者简介

Ricardo Baeza-Yates,于加拿大滑铁卢大学获得计算机科学博士学位,现为雅虎欧洲和拉丁美洲研究院副总裁,主管雅虎在巴塞罗纳(西班牙)和圣地亚哥(智利)(的研究中心,并监管海法研究中心

他曾担任智利计算机科学学会主席、智利大学计算机科学系Web研究中心主任、ICREA教授,并且他还在巴塞罗纳法布拉大学创立了信息与通信技术系Web研究组。

现在他仍是智利大学和法布拉大学的兼职教授。

他的主要研究方向为算法与数据结构、信息检索、用户界面以及可视化在数据库中的应用等。

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章节摘录

Libraries were among the first institutions to adopt IR systems for retrieving information. Usually, library systems were initially developed by academic institutions and later by commercial vendors. In the first generation, such systems consisted of anautomation of existing processes such as card catalogs searching, restricted to authornames and titles. In the second generation, increased search functionality was added to include subject headings, keywords, and query operators. In the third generation, which is currently being deployed, the focus has been on improved graphical in terfaces, electronic forms, hypertext features, and open system architectures.

Traditional library management system vendors include Endeavor InformationSystems Inc., Innovative Interfaces Inc., and EOS International. Among systems developed with a research focus, we distinguish MELVYL developed by the California Digital Library at University of California, and the Cheshire system developed originally at UC Berkeley and lately in cooperation with the University of Liverpool. Further details on these library systems can be found in Chapter 16.1.1.3 IR at the Center of the Stage Despite its maturity, until recently, IR was seen as a narrow area of interest restrictedmainly to librarians and infrmation experts. Such a tendentious vision prevailed for many years, despite the rapid dissemination, among users of modern personal computers, of IR tools for multimedia and hypertext applications. In the beginning of the 1990s, a single fact changed once and for all these perceptions the in troduction of the World Wide Web. The Web, invented in 1989 by Tim Berners-Lee, has become a universal repository of human knowedge and culture. Its success is based on the conception of a standarduser interface which is always the same, no matter the computational environmentused to run the interface, and which allows any user to create their own documents. As a result, millions of users have created billions of documents that compose the largest human repository of knowledge in history. An immediate consequence is that finding useful information on the Web is not always a simple task and usually requiresposing a query to a search engine, i.e., running a search. And search is all about IR and its technologies. Thus, a hnost overnight, IR has gained a place with other technologies at the center of the stage. ……

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