

## <<GCT入学资格考试应试指导>>

### 图书基本信息

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### 内容概要

《2013GCT入学资格考试应试指导(附光盘英语分册第9版)》由GCT入学资格考试应试指导编审委员会编著，本书是GCT入学资格考试应试指导系列丛书之一，由词汇、基础语法、阅读理解、完形填空以及会话技能5部分组成。

《2013GCT入学资格考试应试指导(附光盘英语分册第9版)》由GCT入学资格考试应试指导编审委员会倾力打造，内容紧扣考试大纲，切合应试人员需求，注重实际演练，讲究方法与技巧，定位准确，思路清晰，有助于应试者从容应考、轻松取得高分。

书籍目录

丛书序言 前言 第一章词汇 第一节名词 基本概念和考点综述 历年真题与解析 第二节动词 基本概念和考点综述 历年真题与解析 第三节形容词 基本概念和考点综述 历年真题与解析 第四节副词 基本概念和考点综述 历年真题与解析 第五节词组与固定搭配 基本概念和考点综述 历年真题与解析 第六节配套强化练习与提高 第二章基础语法 第一节时态和语态 基本概念和考点综述 历年真题与解析 第二节代词和介词 基本概念和考点综述 历年真题与解析 第三节副词和形容词 基本概念和考点综述 第四节强调句型 基本概念和考点综述 第五节倒装句 基本概念和考点综述 历年真题与解析 第六节连接结构 基本概念和考点综述 第七节情态动词 基本概念和考点综述 第八节名词性从句 基本概念和考点综述 第九节定语从句 基本概念和考点综述 历年真题与解析 第十节状语从句 基本概念和考点综述 第十一节主谓一致 基本概念和考点综述 第十二节虚拟语气 基本概念和考点综述 历年真题与解析 第十三节非谓语动词 基本概念和考点综述 历年真题与解析 第十四节配套强化练习与提高 第三章阅读理解 基本概念和考点综述 历年真题与解析 配套强化练习与提高 第四章完形填空 基本概念和考点综述 历年真题与解析 配套强化练习与提高 第五章会话技能 基本概念和考点综述 历年真题与解析 配套强化练习与提高

## 章节摘录

版权页： The night is not what it was. Once, the Earth was cast half in shadow. Then came fire, candle, and light bulb, gradually drawing back the curtain of darkness. But a brighter world has its drawbacks. An estimated 30 percent of outdoor lighting-plus even some indoor lighting-is wasted. Inefficient lighting costs U.S. about \$10.4 billion a year, according to Bob Gent of the International Dark-Sky Association, a nonprofit that aims to control light pollution. Last year in Sydney, an estimated 2.2 million Australians switched off their lights during "Earth Hour", briefly reducing that city's energy use by more than 10 percent. Motivated by such trends, more than two dozen cities worldwide went dim on March 29 this year in an hour-long demonstration. A number of groups are trying to measure light pollution and assess its effects on the environment in the hope that people will reduce their own contribution to the problem. Scientists are trying to report how many stars we can see. In dark rural areas, about 2,000 stars are typically visible at night, compared with "maybe five" in a bright city square-and about 5,000 in centuries past. People who are working while others are star-gazing may face the greatest risks. Nighttime exposure to white light can cause the growth of tumors (肿瘤), experiments show. Two decades of research indicates that women who work night shifts have unusually high rates of breast cancer.

(1) The word "drawbacks" in the first paragraph probably means \_\_\_\_\_. A. benefits B. interests C. effects D. problems

(2) The International Dark-Sky Association is an organization that \_\_\_\_\_. A. strongly opposes outdoor lighting service B. has lost some money in energy trade C. has profited from the lighting business D. makes efforts to reduce light pollution

(3) On March 29 this year, people in many cities around the world \_\_\_\_\_. A. turned out some lights for an hour B. organized an event to have some fun C. held a demonstration called "Earth Hour" D. joined together to compete with Australians

(4) Scientists counted the number of stars \_\_\_\_\_. A. to illustrate the impact of light pollution B. to compare air quality in different areas C. to see how the sky has changed with time D. to arouse public interest in space

(5) People who work at night \_\_\_\_\_. A. lose the chance to gaze stars B. have a higher risk of health problem C. have less exposure to white light D. are to blame for light pollution.

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### 编辑推荐

《GCT入学资格考试应试指导·英语分册(2013)(第9版)》按考试题型共分为5部分：词汇、基础语法、阅读理解、完形填空以及会话技能。

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