<<系统辨识理论及应用>>

图书基本信息

书名：<<系统辨识理论及应用>>

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内容概要

本书主要阐述系统辨识的基本原理以及应用。
本书共分14章。
第1章至第4章为绪论、系统辨识常用输入信号、线性系统的经典辨识方法和动态系统的典范表达式，主要回顾和介绍了与系统的辨识有关的一些基础知识。
第5章至第12章为最小二乘法辨识、极大似然法辨识、时变参数辨识方法、多输入—多输出系统的辨识、其他一些辨识方法、随机时序列模型的建立、系统结构辨识和闭环系统辨识等，介绍了系统辨识常用基本方法，是系统辨识的主要内容。
第13章和第14章分别介绍了系统辨识在飞行器参数辨识中的应用和神?网络在系统辨识中的应用。

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书籍目录

章节摘录

版权页：插图：The aerodynamic forces on the aircraft decide the motion states of the aircraft, and the flight states satisfy a six freedom motion equation set derived according to Newton's second law, and the equation set is an ordinary differential equation set in which time t is an argument, so the aerodynamic parameter identification belongs to the parameter identification of the centralized-parameter system. The aerodynamic heat on the aircraft decides the temperature distribution course on the aircraft, and it is a function of not only time but also space position. The state equation set of the system is a partial differential equation set derived according to the thermal conductance law and the energy conservation law, so the aero thermodynamic parameter identification belongs to the distributed parameter identification and to the function identification.Objective of the aerodynamic parameter identification is to establish mathematical models of aerodynamic coefficients, amely to establish relation between the aerodynamic coefficients and the parameters of aircraft. The relation may be algebraic equation, differential equation or integral equation. The first established aerodynamic mathematic model is a linear algebraic equation, and it only is applicable to small attack angle state of aircraft. The linear models have got extensive applications in development of aircraft, and up to now they still are the foundations for analyses of aircraft stability, flight quality and flight performance. Development of the linear aerodynamic parameter identification has been very mature, and main development branches of aircrafts in all the country have stock themselves software packages for linear aerodynamic parameter identification, among them the most practical and most effective one is the software package for maximumikelihood identification. When the aircraft is located in large attack angle flight phase, for example, in stalling or tail spinning phase of an airplane and in large maneuvering phase of a tactical missile, the linear aerodynamic models are inapplicable. Up to now, various forms of nonlinear aerodynamic mathematical models, such as polynomial, spline function, step response function, differential equation and so on, have been investigated. At present the focal point of the research work for the aerodynamic parameter identification is to investigate algorithms and applications of parameter identification for non-steady aerodynamic delayed effect, nonlinear aerodynamic parameters and nonlinear closed-loop systems.

编辑推荐

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