<<课程论>>

图书基本信息

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前言

Curriculum: Foundations, Principles, and Issues, Fifth Edition, is a book for re-searchers, theoreticians, and practitioners of curriculum. It is a basic text for thosestudying curriculum planning, development, implementation, and evaluation, aswell as a reference for teachers, supervisors, and administrators who participate incurriculum The book is a comprehensive, thoroughly documented overview of the foun-dations, principles, and making. issues of curriculum. Foundations are the areas of studyoutside curriculum that impact the field; principles are the means and methods used in reflecting about the totality of curriculum and in designing, developing, imple-menting, and evaluating curriculum; issues are the current and evolving educa-tional, political, and social dynamics that influence the curriculum field. The book consists of a one-chapter introduction to the field plus three major parts. Part I, Foundations of Curriculum, has four chapters: one each on the curriculums philosophical, historical, psychological, and social foundations. Part II, Principles of Curriculum, comprises chapters on curriculum design, development, implementa-tion, and evaluation. Part III consists of one chapter, "Curriculum Issues and Trends." This book differs from other curriculum texts in several ways. Most texts focuson either theory or practice. Some texts advance a particular political or social po-sition. Others approach the field of curriculum as an administrative challenge. Thistext provides a balanced, comprehensive view of the field of curriculum. We have avoided taking a particular philosophical, educational, political, or social stance. Instead, we have aimed at providing a complete view of the field of curriculum sothat readers can consider choices and formulate their own views on curriculumfoundations, principles, and issues. In short, we have supplied a mix of materials to help researchers and practitioners develop their own interpretations of the field—past, present, and The book provides three instructional and learning tools: Curriculum Tips, Fo-cusing Questions, and overview tables. Curriculum Tips give practical meaning to the research and insights into the curriculum process. The Focusing Questions at the beginning of each chapter orient the reader and set the stage for the chaptersmain ideas. The overview tables make learning more meaningful and provide sum-maries of the major concepts and principles discussed in the chapter. Every textbook results from the participation of many people. We are gratefulto all. We particularly thank those who reviewed the manuscript: Kimberly Bilica, Cynthia J. Chapel, and We also want to acknowledge the contributions of Kelly Villella Canton, serieseditor at Angela Koppang. Allyn and Bacon, in the production of the book. Additional thanks to GregErb, the production editor. Their efforts are much appreciated.



内容概要

这是一本经典的课程论教材,全书从根本上围绕这样一个重大课题而展开:作为教育者,我们应该如何应对变革的社会对学校教育和课程提出的挑战?本书视野宽广,但不失思考的深度;视角独特,但始终不偏离探讨的主题。

相信这本书对于我国的读者深入了解课程研究领域大有裨益。

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章节摘录

Taking the NCLB at face value, all students are required to reach proficiency onstate reading and math tests by 2014. States are judged on yearly progress and pe-nalized, including by loss of federal funds, if proficiency declines. Currently statesuse their own definition of proficiency. Obviously, those "states that have the barlower will have an easier time meeting the mark and avoiding federal sanctions,"71but state officials and education policy makers can be expected to address these dif-ferent standards eventually. In 2003, no states students did better on the NAEP in 4th grade reading thanon the states exam, and only two states students did better at the eight gradelevel (Vermont, 3 percent difference; Missouri, 2 percent difference). Two statesstudents did better on the NAEP 4th grade math test than on their own state ex-ams (Vermont, 2 percent; Massachusetts, I percent), and three states students didbetter on the NAEP 8th grade math test (Massachusetts, I percent; South Carolina,7 percent; Missouri, 14 percent).



编辑推荐

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