

<<布拉格学派>>

图书基本信息

书名：<<布拉格学派>>

13位ISBN编号：9787301068878

10位ISBN编号：7301068875

出版时间：2004-9

出版时间：北京大学出版社

作者：鲁尔斯托夫

页数：250

字数：320000

版权说明：本站所提供下载的PDF图书仅提供预览和简介，请支持正版图书。

更多资源请访问：<http://www.tushu007.com>

## <<布拉格学派>>

### 内容概要

《布拉格学派(1945-1990)》作为关于后经典时期布拉格学派的惟一读本，这部读本提供了珍贵的第一手资料，使我们得以观察布拉格学派思想的传承和发展。

由于布拉格学派成员的国际性，研究领域的多样性，任何一部读本都难以反映学派的全貌，而只能作为一个便利的出发点。

后经典时期，比如在语音、词法、句法、类型学、符号学、语言学与诗学、语言学思想史等等领域，布拉格学派都为语言科学增添了新的思想财富。

所有这些都表明，布拉格学派在后经典时期，如同在其经典时期一样，继续给我们以心智的启示和思想的滋养，而思想的价值首先不是以其被肯定或被否定的程度来判断，而是以其激发他人思考的程度来确定的。

书籍目录

Preface Philip A. Luelsdorff .STUDIES IN SYNTAX AND SEMANTICS Sentence Patterns and Verb Classes  
On the So-Called Semantic and Grammatical Structure of the Sentence Subject and Predicate On Case  
Theory Some Thoughts on the Semantic Structure of the Sentence Valency and Intention The Sentence as a  
Text Unit .STUDIES IN MORPHOLOGY On Morphological Oppositions .LEVELS OF LANGUAGE  
SYSTEM Hierarchy and Overlap of Language Levels Notes on the So-Called Transposition On Analogy  
and Anomaly .GRAPHEMICS Some Remarks on Revaluations of Redundant Graphemes . LEXICON  
The Invariant Meaning of Derived Words Comparison of the Vocabularies of Related and Unrelated  
Languages . SOCIOLINGUISTICS Code Switching without Bilingualism in Czech . CONTRASTIVE  
LINGUISTICS Contrastive Comparison and Other Types of Polylingual Description On the Contrastive  
Study of Cognate Languages Index of authors Index of subjects

## 章节摘录

On the So-Called Semantic and Grammatical Structure of the Sentence\* Miloš Dokulil and František Daneš

In recent years syntactic investigations have undergone new revival and development. Besides synthetic works, also a series of valuable contributions in journals and miscellanies has appeared. However, it must be stated that this development suffers from a high methodological, notional and also terminological disparity, and often even from a lack of clear analysis. Thus we are convinced that in the given situation it is necessary and urgent to reconsider the general questions of sentence structure, to aim at a clarification of the basic notions and of the principles of the procedure of syntactic analysis. In this contribution we certainly do not try to present a definitive solution to the given questions; rather, ideas are presented for discussion. We take up insights of older scholars, and attempt to clarify the principal viewpoints which should be used as starting points for the analysis of syntax.

When formulating (or analyzing) a sentence, the language has to know not only the constructional material of the sentence, the words and their syntactic properties and possibilities, but also the overall construction plan of the sentence, which is determined in principle by its integral "grammatical" meaning, i.e. by an entire abstraction of the sentential content. Precisely in the sense in which the grammatical properties of words represent basically a (high-level) abstraction of the specific lexical meanings of words and of specific relationships between these meanings (certainly, these grammatical properties are not only a reflection of reality, but also an expression of the organizing principle of sentence structure).

<<布拉格学派>>

版权说明

本站所提供下载的PDF图书仅提供预览和简介，请支持正版图书。

更多资源请访问:<http://www.tushu007.com>