## <<中国会计研究>>

### 图书基本信息

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#### 内容概要

《中国会计研究(2010年第2卷)(第1期)》讲述了:AccountinStandards Reform in China and theRole ofSubsidiary Earnings Information j力Decision MakingGovernm en t Accoun tin~Reform in China:Incen rives oFStakeholders and the Impact ofthe Institutional EnvironmenfFunction ot 'Property Rigts jn Chinese CPA Auditing:Evolution and ExtensionAn Evaluation ofFair Value ACCOInting Towards the FundamentalCharacteristics ofFinancial ACCOUnting.

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### 书籍目录

### 编辑的话

中国会计准则改革与子公司盈余信息的决策有用性基于利益相关者动机与制度环境的中国政府会计改革研究中国注册会计师审计的产权功能:演化与延伸关于公允价值会计的研究——面向财务会计的本质特征特刊《家族企业会计与报告》征文启事)

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#### 章节摘录

版权页:插图:It is also interesting to contrast Ge'S view with the current Chinese regula-tion and practice relating to FV accounting.FV measurement has been adopted in over 25 of the 38 current Chinese accounting standards, either for initial meas-urement, subsequent measurement, impairment test, or other uses. However. the number of companies that actually use FV has been limited (e.g., 25 out of 772 firms that had investment property adopted the FV model in 2009 ) ( MoF , 2010 ) . In most cases , FV is a restricted option in the accounting standards. For exam-pie, the FV model may be used if there is clear evidence that the fair value of aninvestment property can be reliably determined on a continuing basis. AS a result the impact of FV measurement on profit in listed Chinese firms has been reDortedto be less than one percent (MoF, 2009). In light of these circumstances, the MoF did not follow the IASB in allowing certain financial assets to be reclassified in response to the financial crisis (IASB, 2008; MoF, 2009). There have been numerous studies of the value relevance of IFRS in the con-texts of developed economies (e.g., Europe, Australia), but there is little re-ported empirical evidence on this issue in the Chinese context.Lu and Zhang (2010) help to address this gap. Taking advantage of the fact that the adoption Of the new Chinese accounting standards issued in 2006 increases the difference be-tween the earnings of the parent company and the consolidated earnings of the group, Lu and Zhang (2010 ) hypothesize and find evidence that the difference between the two earnings figures provides no incremental information before the adoption, but it does after the adoption. This suggests that the new accounting standards enhance the value relevance of accounting information. In addition, the study demonstrates that the retained earnings of subsidiaries contained in the con-solidated earnings but not in the parent firm'S earnings actually provide incremen-tal information and that the adoption of the cost method in parent firm Statementsfor investments in subsidiaries recovers the information IOSS caused by consolida-tion techniques.

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### 编辑推荐

《中国会计研究(2010年第2卷)(第1期)》是由经济科学出版社出版的。

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