

<<2008恒隆数学获奖论文集>>

图书基本信息

书名：<<2008恒隆数学获奖论文集>>

13位ISBN编号：9787535774934

10位ISBN编号：7535774938

出版时间：2012-12

出版时间：湖南科技出版社

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页数：230

字数：306000

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内容概要

本书集结了2008年“恒隆数学奖”的获奖论文及数学家的精辟点评。

每篇论文都是得奖者自定的数学专题之研习结果。

参赛学生经过一年多的努力，得以训练多无智能和创意思考能力，并活学活用数学知识，摆脱传统死读书的学习模式，从中取得考试外的满足感和喜悦感，借以领略数学的美。

本书不仅可供中学生阅读，亦可供数学教师和数学爱好者阅读参考。

每两年一届的“恒隆数学奖”由恒隆地产和香港中文大学数学系主办，乃为香港中学生而设的数学研究比赛。

由恒隆地产有限公司董事长陈启宗先生和世界杰出数学家、1982年费尔兹奖信2010年沃尔夫奖得主丘成桐教授于2004年创立，目的是鼓励中学生尽量发挥数理创意，激发他们对数学及科学的求知热情。

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Preface

by Professor Shing-Tung Yau and Mr. Ronnie C. Chart

Acknowledgement

Hang Lung Mathematics Awards

Organization

Scientific Committee, 2008

Steering Committee, 2008

Gold, Silver, and Bronze

ISOAREAL AND ISOPERIMETRIC DEFORMATION OF CURVES

A SUFFICIENT CONDITION OF WEIGHT-BALANCED TREE

FERMAT POINT EXTENSION-LOCUS, LOCATION, LOCAL USE

Photos

Honorable Mentions

A CURSORY DISPROOF OF EULER'S CONJECTURE CONCERNING
GRAECO-LATIN

SQUARES BY MEANS OF CONSTRUCTION

EQUIDECOMPOSITION PROBLEM

COLLATZ CONJECTURE $3n+1$ CONJECTURE

GEOMETRIC CONSTRUCTION AREA TRISECTION OF A CIRCLE

章节摘录

版权页：插图：5. Conclusions and Reflections In the previous chapter, we have followed the paths that mathematicians have laid for us decades ago. Euler has provided the first construction method, while Sade has given us the most recent (along with Parker, Bose, and Shrikhande and their transversal designs). To summarise their contributions: Euler has proven that Euler squares of odd order or of an order that is a multiple of four exist (He also proved the obvious nonexistence of Euler squares of order 2), while Parker, Bose, and Shrikhande constructed Graeco-Latin squares of all orders, including those of form $4k+2$, with the exception of $n = 2$ and $n = 6$. On the other hand, Tarry has shown that Graeco Latin squares of order 6 are not possible. Theorem 29. Euler squares exist for every order n except when $n = 2$ or 6 . But the research does not stop here. Recently, more elegant proofs have been brought forward by Stinson, Dougherty, and Zhu Lie. Also, research in this area has taken on a greater scope. Mathematicians working in this field are now researching self-orthogonal Latin squares -- squares that are orthogonal to its transpose. Some error-correcting codes in algebraic coding theory are also based on MOLS. Speaking of which, perhaps the most exciting developments come from finite projective planes, to which the following theorem will link MOLS. Theorem 30. A complete set of MOLS of order n implies a finite projective plane of order n . This had all started out as the simple riddle of 36 officers. After leading to developments in combinatorics, group theory, field theory, transversal design, and work done by many mathematicians around the globe, we finally begin to draw the close to this problem. Yet, the future of Latin squares is still vast to explore. Where do we go from here? I list here a few open problems and conjectures yet to be solved.

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