<<国际贸易专业 专科-英语-全国高 >

图书基本信息

书名: <<国际贸易专业 专科-英语-全国高等教育自学考试标准预测试卷-最新版-课程代码 00088>>

13位ISBN编号:9787802496583

10位ISBN编号: 7802496586

出版时间:2011-01-01

出版时间:中华工商联合出版社,华中师范大学出版社

作者:国试书业编

页数:116

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内容概要

《全国高等教育自学考试标准预测试卷·国际贸易专业专科:英语(配上下册用)(最新版)》每套试卷均附有详细的参考答案,题型、题量及难度与真题相仿,注重实战,讲求技巧,通过深度的点评、详尽的解析、精准的预测,力求全真模拟实战演练,切实提升考生的综合应试能力,满足考生科学地进行自我考评的需求。

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46.A.puts down B.putting off C.puts off D.putting down 47.A.before B.after C.as soon as D.while 48.A.of B.for C.aboutD.in' 49.A.journey B.travelC.trip D.tour 50.A.adds B.added C.adding D.has added 51.A.The B.A C.An D.Some 52.A.collect B.receive C.ask for D.charge 53.A.establish B.give C.take D.talk 54.A.in order to B.so as to C.so thatD.in case 55.A.given B.sent C.putD.entitled 四、阅读理解(本大题共10小题,每小题2分,共20分)本部分有两篇短文,每篇短文后有五个问题,每个问题有四个选项。

选择最佳答案完成句子。

错选、多选或未选均无分。

Passage 1 Silver is one of the materials called metals. Like gold and platinum, it is very valuable. The cutlery that we eat with is sometimes made of silver. So are many coins and precious pieces of jewel-lery. Silver is often used to make mirrors. Your teeth may have fillings of silver. A photograph of you contains silver too. Silver is also used to assemble refrigerators and radios. Silver is one of the chemical "elements". Its symbol is Ag, from the Latin word a Irgenmm for silver. It is sometimes found in nature as a pure, whitish solid. But usually it is found in combina-tion with other substances like gold, lead, and sulphur. It is obtained by mining mineral ores. Most silver comes from Mexico, the United States, and Canada. But it is becoming very rare. Pure silver is too soft to be very useful. But it can be mixed with other metals to form an "al-loy". If the alloy contains at least 92 percent of silver, it is called "sterling" silver. Silver alloy is used widely in industry. For it is strong, and is not wom away by corrosion. Thus it is employed as a solder. It is used to join pipes in a refrigerator. Such pipes carry Silver is very soft. It is "malleable" substances that would corrode or-dinary solder and ruin the joints. , which means that it can be bent and shaped easily. It can be hammered into very thin sheets. Over 100 000 of these make a stack only 2.5 centimeters (oneinch) thick. And silver is ductile-it can easily be pulled into fine wire. These qualities enable it tobe shaped into silverware and jewellery. This has been done for 4 000 years.

Solid silver objects are expensive. So "silver plating" is often used. A thin layer of silver can be coated onto a cheaper metal object, by all electrical process. Then the object looks like solid silver. Silver is the best metal "conductor". Heat and electricity flow through it easily. Thus it is used in some radio parts, for example, to make electrical contact points. Silver also reflects light better—than other metals do. So it may be used as the reflecting surface of a good mirror. A dentist uses silver to fill cavities in teeth. He mixes it with mercury, tin, and zinc to form an "amalgam". This mixture is soft enough at first to let him shape the filling. Then it hardens and can resist chewing. Silver is not a very reactive metal. That is, it does not combine easily with other elements to form mixtures called "compounds".

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