<<大学英语>>

图书基本信息

书名:<<大学英语>>

13位ISBN编号:9787810958950

10位ISBN编号:781095895X

出版时间:2006-6

出版时间:上海外语教育

作者:虞苏美

页数:192

字数:292000

版权说明:本站所提供下载的PDF图书仅提供预览和简介,请支持正版图书。

更多资源请访问:http://www.tushu007.com

<<大学英语>>

前言

《大学英语》是遵照1986年国家教委审定的《大学英语教学大纲(文理科本科用)》编写的一套系列教材,分精读、泛读、听说、快速阅读和语法与练习五种教程,由全国六所重点大学合作编写。教材于1986年出版试用本,1992年出版正式本,并于同年9月荣获全国高等学校第二届优秀教材特等奖,以及国家教委高等学校第二届优秀教材一等奖。

1998年,在广泛征求意见的基础上,《大学英语》系列教材根据《大学英语教学大纲(高等学校本科用)》进行了第一次修订。

修订本更加注意文、理、工、农、医等各科的通用性,力求给学生打好"宽、厚、牢"的语言基础。

为了推进大学英语教学改革,适应社会各界对大学生英语能力的要求,教育部于2004年颁布了《 大学英语课程教学要求(试行)》(以下简称《课程要求》)。

遵照《课程要求》对大学英语提出的教学目标,即"培养学生的英语综合应用能力",编者于2004年 决定对教材进行第二次修订,以满足新时期国家和社会对人才培养的需要。

本次修订原则:1.教材的定位不变。

《大学英语》是综合教育型(Englishforintegrativepurposes)而非特殊目的型(Englishforspecincpurposes)的教材,旨在帮助大学本科各专业学生进一步打下扎实的语言基础。

2.选材原则不变。

正因为《大学英语》是综合教育型的,选材必须做到题材广泛,体裁多样,语言规范,有利于打好语言基础。

选材遵循三性原则,即趣味性、知识性、可思性,以激发学生学习英语的兴趣。

3.在更新课文时注意经典性与时代性的融合,科普性与文学性的融合,使选文内容经得起时间考验,文字经得起反复咀嚼。

这两个融合是教材可教性与可学性的保证,也是教材生命力之所在。

4.本次修订按照《课程要求》所提出的培养"英语综合应用能力"这一目标,着重考虑增强听与 说的训练,提高听与说尤其是说的要求。

本次修订重点:精读:1.更新部分课文。

选用一些时代感更强、更贴近现代生活、语言更地道的文章取代部分

<<大学英语>>

内容概要

本书为听说教程第三册的学生用书。

全书共十六个单元,设八个话题。

十六个单元后提供两套综合试题。

书末附录提供课文听力训练的音带原文及练习答案。

每单元设A、B、C、D四个部分: Part A"微技能训练",这部分提供两个练习,旨在帮助学生获取重要的交际能力和掌握多种听力技能。

此外,为了增加趣味性,还选编了一些与听力材料有关的谚语和名人名言。

Part B " 语篇训练 " , 这部分提供两篇听力材料。

练习形式力求新颖与多样化,注重培养学生整体理解能力。

Part C "口语训练",这部分的口语活动主要围绕课文内容及各种交际功能展开。

练习形式由浅入深,有利于启发学生开口,培养他们串句成段、复述课文的能力。

每逢单课提供与课文话题有关的交际能力返其常用语言表达方式,通过练习使学生学到如何得体地进行日常对话。

Part D"课外听力训练",这部分提供一篇与课文同一话题的听力材料及练习,供学生课外自学

<<大学英语>>

书籍目录

UNIT 1Resevuations PART A Micro—listening Listeningfor Important Details PART B Macro—listening Conversation 1 I/d Like to Make a Reservation Conversation 2 Marcel Always Does My Hair PART C Oral Practice 1 . CommunicativeFunctionMakingReservations 2. Retelling PART D Home Listening Conversations Making Reservations Conversations Booking Seats UNIT 2 cytnt'mah abd Dets PART A Micro —listening Finding the Main Idea PART Macro-listening A Conversation Choosing a Pet A Story Dog Plays " Mother " to Tiger Cubs PART C Oral Practice 1 . Pair Work 2. Retelling PART D Home A Passage How Do People Treat Animals? A Story The World's OldestCatUNIT 3tge PART A Listenina Conversation 1 You Sure Micro—listening Listeningfor Specic Information PART B Macro—listening Conversation 2 Do You Mind If I Ask You How Old You Are? PART C Oral Practice 1 Don/Tt Look It . Communicative Function: Talking About Age and What You' LL Do in Future 2. Retelling PART D A Passage Age Is a Sensitive Subject A Story I Hate Birthdays UNIT 4 Personal Budgets Home Listening PART A Micro-listening Drawing Inferences PART B Macro—listening Conversation 1 Saving and Spending Money Conversation 2 Sounds Like You Have a Budget Problem PART C OraL Practice 1 . Pair Work 2. Retelling PART D Home Listening A Conversation What A re Your A Discussion Spend or Save It?UNIT 5sports PART A Micro—listening Drawing Biggest Expenses? Inferences PART Macro-listening A Passage The Olympic Park A Conversation Do You Like Sports? PART C Oral Practice 1 . Communicative Function: Talking About Sports 2 . Retelling . PART D Home Listening A Compound Dictation A Conversation Playing SportsUNIT 6 JransportationUNIT 7 Comparisons UNIT 8 Office Work UNIT 9 Jobs UNIT 10 Law and Order UNIT 11 Story TimeUNIT 12 Famous DeopleUNIT 13 MusicUNIT 14 EducationUNIT 15 Leeidents and Disasters

<<大学英语>>

章节摘录

The ideal teacher may be young or old , tallor short , fat or thin He should know his subject. He carl make mistakes but he is willing to learn. His personality is as imporant as his scholarship The ideal teacher must be enthusiastic He mustnever teach anything he himself is not interestedin. He should be a bit of an actor and he should notbe afraid to show his feelings and express his likesand dislikes. He mustlike his students and respect them , but he must also respect himself and be proudof his Work. Otherwise , he cannot respect his students and win respect from them. ne ideal tea Chershould have an understanding of his students and be able to relate to them. He ncedS studen understanding , too. The ideal teacher should be kind , encouraging , and helpful. He iS neither stdctnor too friendly. His attitude and approach towards his students should he in betWecn these two exocmes. The teacher should motivate the student , too , So that he wants to learn. He needs patience and understanding , and must encourage the student without pushing or forcing him. The ideal teacher should see his students as individuals and recognize their differences. Hemust know hOW to encourage the self-development and growth of each of his students. The idealteacher IS one who grows , learns , and improves himself along with his students.

<<大学英语>>

编辑推荐

《大学英语》系列教材的再修订,以《大学英语课程教学要求(试行)》为依据,历经三年调研 ,汲取全国百所高校师生的建议和意见,旨在发扬我国大学英语教学的优良传统,推广成功经验,为 新时期人才培养再作贡献。

融合传统与现代教学理念:强调打好扎实语言基本功,突出综合应用能力的提高; 发挥综合优势,完善原有体系:大幅度、全方位修订《精读》、《泛读》、《听力》、预备级《泛读》、预备级《听力》,重编《快读阅读》、预备级《精读》,删繁就简《语法与练习》; 调整起点,充实优化素材:1800词起点(预备级1300词);选材全面完备,经典性与现代性、文学性与科普性完美匹配; 革新练习,五种技能并重:阅读材料丰富多彩,听力训练形式多样,词汇练习注重复现,语法操练循序渐进,翻译训练实用全面,口语活动精彩纷呈,写作训练由浅入深,四、六级口、笔试中学生常犯的语言错误讲解分析精辟实用; 辅以现代教育技术手段,充分满足教学需要:同步推出与纸质教材配套的电子教案和学生学习光盘,帮助教师构建新型的课堂教学模式,为学生创造自主式、交互式的学习环境。

<<大学英语>>

版权说明

本站所提供下载的PDF图书仅提供预览和简介,请支持正版图书。

更多资源请访问:http://www.tushu007.com