

<<内科学>>

图书基本信息

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内容概要

当前,我国很多医学院校在进行英文授课、考试的改革,本书对国内从事英语授课、考试的教师和学生也有重要的参考价值。

为广大的医学生和医务工作者比较中美医学教育和自己掌握的知识提供参考。

同时,该书也是学习专业英语的好教材。

本册《内科学(第12版)》介绍了内科学的相关考试内容。

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章节摘录

插图：9. The answer is c. (Fauci, pp 1102-1105.) A painful vesicular rash in a dermatomal distribution strongly suggests herpes zoster, although other viral pathogens may also cause vesicles. Herpes zoster may involve the eyelid when the first or second branch of the fifth cranial nerve is affected. Impetigo is a cellulitis caused by group A -hemolytic streptococci. It often involves the face and can occur after an abrasion of the skin. Its distribution is not dermatomal, and while it may cause vesicles, they are usually small and are not weeping fluid. Chickenpox produces vesicles in various stages of development that are diffuse and produce more pruritus than pain. Coxsackievirus can produce a morbilliform vesiculopustular rash, often with a hemorrhagic component and with lesions of the throat, palms, and soles. Herpes simplex virus causes lesions of the lip (herpes labialis) and also does not spread in a dermatomal pattern. 10. The answer is a. (Fauci, pp 829-831.) This patient presents with the clinical picture of pelvic inflammatory disease (PID) , including lower quadrant tenderness, cervical motion tenderness, and adnexal tenderness. Fever and mucopurulent discharge are additional evidence for the diagnosis. Treatment requires antibiotic therapy. Ceftriaxone and doxycycline are one recommended regimen that would cover both *Neisseria gonorrhoeae* and *C. trachomatis*. Endometrial biopsy can provide definitive diagnosis, but it is unnecessary except when patients do not respond to therapy or have atypical presentations. Dilation and curettage, a more invasive procedure, would rarely be necessary. At times, surgical emergencies may mimic PID and even require hospitalization for further observation. The specific findings of cervical motion tenderness, discharge, and bilateral tenderness all distinguish PID from appendicitis in this patient. Aztreonam has good gram-negative coverage but does not adequately cover the sexually transmitted pathogens.

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